## Math 2111 Quiz Problems 2

Prepare by 11/2/05

- $1. \ 3.4.27$
- $2. \ 3.4.28$
- $3. \ 3.5.35$
- 4. Let V be a vector space and  $U, W \subseteq V$  subspaces. Prove or disprove the following.
  - (a)  $U \cap W$  is a subspace of V.
  - (b)  $U \cup W$  is a subspace of V.
  - (c)  $U \setminus W$  is a subspace of V.
  - (d)  $U + W = \{u + w | u \in U, w \in W\}$  is a subspace of V.
- 5. Let V be a vector space and  $S, T \subseteq V$ . Prove or disprove the following.
  - (a)  $\operatorname{span}(S) \cap \operatorname{span}(T) = \operatorname{span}(S \cap T)$
  - (b)  $\operatorname{span}(S) \cup \operatorname{span}(T) = \operatorname{span}(S \cup T)$
  - (c) If  $S \subseteq T$ , then  $\operatorname{span}(S) \subseteq \operatorname{span}(T)$ .
  - (d) If  $T \subseteq \operatorname{span}(S)$ , then  $\operatorname{span}(T) \subseteq \operatorname{span}(S)$ .
  - (e)  $\operatorname{span}(\operatorname{span}(S)) = \operatorname{span}(S)$ . (Hint: Use the previous statement.)
  - (f)  $\operatorname{span}(S \cup T) = \operatorname{span}(S) + \operatorname{span}(T)$ . (See the previous exercise on what it means to add two subspaces.)
- 6. Let V be a vector space and  $S, T \subseteq V$ . Prove or disprove the following.
  - (a) If  $S \subseteq T$  and T is linearly independent then S is linearly independent.
  - (b) If  $S \subseteq T$  and T is linearly dependent then S is linearly dependent.
  - (c) If  $S \subseteq T$  and S is linearly independent then T is linearly independent.
  - (d) If  $S \subseteq T$  and S is linearly dependent then T is linearly dependent.
  - (e) If S and T are linearly independent then  $S \cap T$  is linearly independent.
  - (f) If S and T are linearly dependent then  $S \cap T$  is linearly dependent.
  - (g) If S and T are linearly independent then  $S \cup T$  is linearly independent.
  - (h) If S and T are linearly dependent then  $S \cup T$  is linearly dependent.
- 7. Let V be a vector space and  $U \subseteq W$  subspaces of V. Prove or disprove the following. (a) If S is a basis of U and T is a basis of W then  $S \subseteq T$ .
  - (b) Given a basis S of U there always exists a basis  $\overline{T}$  of V such that  $S \subseteq T$ .
  - (c) Given a basis T of W there always exists a basis S of U such that  $S \subseteq T$ .
- 8. Let V be a vector space and U, W subspaces of V. Let S be a basis of U and T be a basis of W. Prove or disprove the following.
  - (a)  $S \cap T$  is a basis of some subspace of V.
  - (b)  $S \cap T$  is a basis of  $U \cap W$ .
  - (c)  $S \cup T$  is a basis of some subspace of V.
  - (d)  $S \cup T$  is a basis of U + W.